

Английские местоимения.

Hello! In this article I'd like to tell you about pronouns in English. Also I'll answer one of my subscribers' question which actually worried me in the beginning of my learning as well. Thank you Dima for your questions!

So, as our language, the English one has pronouns. There are several categories of them: personal, possessive, reflexive, reciprocal, demonstrative, interrogative, conjunctive, indefinite, negative, defining and quantitative. Let's talk about each of them.

Personal pronouns.

Personal pronouns have two cases in English: the nominative case and the objective case.

Pronouns of the nominative case: I, he, she, it, we, you, they.

Pronouns of the objective case: me, him, her, it, us, you them.

We use the pronoun *he* as nouns of masculine gender which are naturally alive (mainly people). And we use the pronoun *she* as nouns of feminine gender.

The pronoun *it* can be used as a noun which is not alive and except the word *baby*.

Possessive pronouns have two forms: conjoint and absolute.

Conjoint form: my, his, her, its, our, your, their.

Absolute form: mine, his, hers, ours, yours, theirs.

Reflexive pronouns are formed by adding of the ending *-self* or *-selves* (*with plural*) to the possessive pronoun: myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves and themselves.

There are two reciprocal pronouns in English: *each other* and *one another*. They mean the same.

Demonstrative pronouns are: this, that, such, the same, these, those.

There are following interrogative pronouns in English: who, what, which, whose.

Conjunctive pronouns: who (whom), whose, what and which.

Indefinite pronouns: some, any, one, somebody, someone, something, anybody, anyone, anything.

Negative pronouns: no, nobody, no one, nothing, none, neither.

Defining pronouns: all, both, each, every, everybody, everyone, everything, either, another, other.

Quantitative pronouns: many, much, few, little, a few, a little.

That's it. More information about pronouns you'll find in the Russian part of this article!